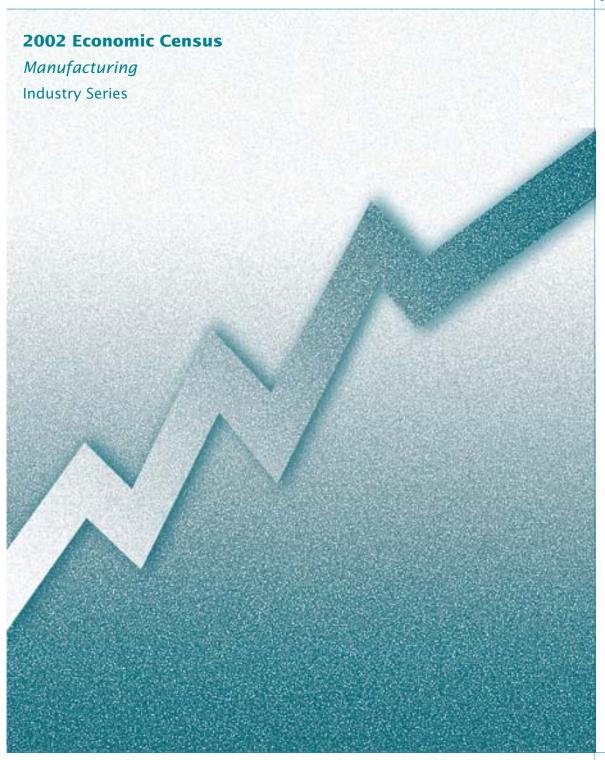
Rice Milling: 2002

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Helping You Make Informed Decisions

U.S. Department of Commerce Economics and Statistics Administration U.S. CENSUS BUREAU



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-- Not applicable for this report.

Table 1. Historical Statistics for the Industry: 2002 and Earlier Years

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		All			Production workers				Total	Total	Total capital
Industry and year ¹	Com- panies ²	estab- lish- ments ³	Number ⁴	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number ⁴	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	cost of materials (\$1,000)	shipments	expendi- tures (\$1,000)
311212, Rice milling	62 N N N N 56	76 N N N N	3 772 4 130 4 229 4 347 3 637 3 805	131 515 135 748 135 198 136 637 120 044 118 318	3 002 3 129 3 253 3 262 2 760 2 986	6 230 6 468 6 781 6 701 6 199 6 277	91 516 88 563 87 805 89 001 80 342 80 451	530 145 511 351 529 579 604 917 601 714 587 737	1 237 093 1 263 368 1 405 012 1 622 885 1 662 229 1 810 862	1 758 929 1 809 569 1 968 579 2 246 113 2 257 465 2 364 582	740 335 47 198 63 079 42 967 21 599 45 454

¹Statistics presented for years ending in 2 and 7 are census data. Interim census years are derived in a representative sample of manufacturing establishments canvassed in the Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM).

²For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.

³Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

⁴Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain sampling errors and nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

Table 2. Industry Statistics for Selected States: 2002

[States that are a disclosure or with less than 100 employees are not shown. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, explanation of terms, and geographical definitions, see note at end of table. For information on geographic areas followed by *, see Appendix D. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		All establishments ²		All employees		Production workers						
Industry and geographic area		Total	With 20 em- ploy- ees or more	Number ³	Payroll (\$1,000)		Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	materials	Total value of shipments (\$1,000)	expendi- tures
311212, Rice milling												
United StatesArkansas	-	76 15 23 11	37 9 12 7	3 772 1 584 1 012 368	131 515 49 149 42 305 11 311	3 002 1 328 735 298	6 230 2 569 1 594 677	91 516 36 633 26 936 8 039	104 336	552 130	1 758 929 656 059 415 876 155 157	r15 813

¹Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (utoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent or more of the figures shown: 1–10 to 19 percent; 2–20 to 29 percent; 3–30 to 39 percent; 4–40 to 49 percent; 5–50 to 59 percent; 6–60 to 69 percent; 7–70 to 79 percent; 8–80 to 89 percent; 9–90 percent or more.

¹Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

³Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C. For geographical definitions, see Appendix D.

Table 3. Detailed Statistics by Industry: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Item	Value
311212, Rice milling	
Companies ¹ number	62
All establishments ² number. Establishments with 1 to 19 employeesnumber. Establishments with 20 to 99 employeesnumber. Establishments with 100 employees or morenumber.	76 39 28 9
All employees3 number. Total compensation \$1,000. Annual payroll \$1,000. Total fringe benefits \$1,000.	3 772 168 263 131 515 36 748
Production workers, average for year	3 002 3 048 2 991 2 978 2 982
Production worker hours	6 230 91 516
Total cost of materials \$1,000. Materials, parts, containers, packaging, etc., used \$1,000. Resales \$1,000. Purchased fuels \$1,000. Purchased electricity \$1,000. Contract work \$1,000.	1 237 093 1 098 939 80 287 9 698 28 169 20 000
Quantity of electricity purchased for heat and power	478 040 D
Total value of shipments \$1,000. Primary products value of shipments \$1,000. Secondary products value of shipments \$1,000. Total miscellaneous receipts \$1,000. Value of resales \$1,000. Contract receipts \$1,000. Other miscellaneous receipts \$1,000.	1 758 929 1 652 442 9 385 97 102 86 027 8 356 2 719
Primary products specialization ratio percent. Value of primary products shipments made in all industries \$1,000. Value of primary products shipments made in this industry \$1,000. Value of primary products shipments made in other industries \$1,000.	99 1 690 542 1 652 442 38 100
Coverage ratiopercent.	98
Value added\$1,000	530 145
Total inventories, beginning of year \$1,000. Finished goods inventories \$1,000. Work-in-process inventories \$1,000. Materials and supplies inventories \$1,000.	316 067 56 350 12 026 247 691
Total inventories, end of year \$1,000. Finished goods inventories \$1,000. Work-in-process inventories \$1,000. Materials and supplies inventories \$1,000.	348 747 56 394 20 291 272 062
Gross value of depreciable assets (acquisition costs) at beginning of year \$1,000 Total capital expenditures (new and used) \$1,000 Buildings and other structures (new and used) \$1,000 Machinery and equipment (new and used) \$1,000 Automobiles, trucks, etc., for highway use \$1,000 Computers and peripheral data processing equipment \$1,000 All other expenditures for machinery and equipment \$1,000 Total retirements \$1,000 Gross value of depreciable assets at end of year \$1,000	720 679 '40 335 '5 101 '35 234 '1 408 '1 515 '32 311 '29 792 '731 222
Depreciation charges during year\$1,000	r39 559
Total rental payments \$1,000 Buildings and other structures \$1,000 Machinery and equipment \$1,000	14 560 5 078 9 482
Total other expenses ⁴ \$1,000. Response coverage ratio ⁵ percent. Repair and maintenance services of buildings and/or machinery ⁴ \$1,000. Communications services ⁴ \$1,000. Legal services ⁴ \$1,000. Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping services ⁴ \$1,000. Advertising and promotional services ⁴ \$1,000. Expensed computer hardware and supplies and purchased computer services ⁴ \$1,000. Refuse removal (including hazardous waste) services ⁴ \$1,000. Management consulting and administrative services ⁴ \$1,000. Taxes and license fees ³ \$1,000. All other expenses ⁴ \$1,000.	62 765 79 15 023 1 388 834 909 7 300 1 116 829 3 238 2 257 29 871

¹For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.
2Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.
3Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.
4Based on 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM) sample data.
5A response coverage ratio is derived for this item by calculating the ratio of the weighted employment (establishment data multiplied by sample weight) for those Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM) establishments that reported to the weighted total employment for all ASM establishments classified in this industry.

Note 1: The amounts shown for other expenses reflect only those services that establishments purchase from other companies.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain sampling errors and nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

Table 4. Industry Statistics by Employment Size: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Employment size class			All emp	oloyees	Pr	oduction worke	ers		Total	Total	Total capital expendi- tures (\$1,000)
		All estab- lish- ments ²	Number ³	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number ³	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	cost of materials (\$1,000)	value of shipments (\$1,000)	
311212, Rice milling											
All establishments	-	76	3 772	131 515	3 002	6 230	91 516	530 145	1 237 093	1 758 929	r40 335
1 to 4 employees 5 to 9 employees	8 9	19 13	40 b	1 292 D	26 D	50 D	710 D	5 461 D	14 194 D	19 801 D	r303 D
10 to 19 employees	7	7 14	106 481	3 846 14 824	70 358	133 806	1 851 9 520	11 582 47 526	33 940 93 405	45 629 139 853	r1 068 2 922
50 to 99 employees	_	14 6	1 048 853	33 072 39 252	865 648	1 725 1 457	23 924 26 582	122 752 269 140	298 713 307 295	420 398 568 672	r11 072 r12 459
250 to 499 employees	_	3 -	<u>g</u>	D -	D -	D -	D -	D -	D -	D -	D -
1,000 to 2,499 employees	_		-		_	_	_	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _
Administrative records ⁴	8	27	164	5 538	125	256	3 647	15 880	67 231	83 111	r2 249

¹Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent; or more of the figures shown: 1–10 to 19 percent; 2–20 to 29 percent; 3–30 to 39 percent; 4–40 to 49 percent; 5–50 to 59 percent; 6–60 to 69 percent; 7–70 to 79 percent; 8–80 to 89 percent; 9–90 percent or more.

¹Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

⁴Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. Data are also included in respective size classes shown.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

Table 5. Industry Statistics by Primary Product Class Specialization: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Industry or product class code	Industry or primary product class	All	All em	ployees	Pr	oduction work	ers		Total	Total	Total
		All estab- lish- ments ¹	Number ²	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number ²	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of materials (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments (\$1,000)	capital expendi- tures (\$1,000)
311212	Rice milling	76	3 772	131 515	3 002	6 230	91 516	530 145	1 237 093	1 758 929	^r 40 335
3112120	Rice milling	76	3 772	131 515	3 002	6 230	91 516	530 145	1 237 093	1 758 929	r40 335

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

¹Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

²Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Table 6a. Products Statistics: 2002 and 1997

[Includes quantity and value of products of this industry produced by (1) establishments classified in this industry (primary) and (2) establishments classified in other industries (secondary). Transfers of products of this industry from one establishment of a company to another establishment of the same company (interplant transfers) are also included. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		Number of		Product shipments		
Product code	Product	companies with shipments of \$100,000 or more	Quantity of production for all purposes	Quantity	Value (\$1,000)	
311212	Rice milling	N N	X	X	1 690 542 2 147 313	
3112120	Rice milling	N N	X	X	1 690 542 2 147 313	
31121201	Head rice not packaged with other ingredients, packed in bags of 100 lb or more	N N	×	X	531 460 621 627	
3112120111	Head rice not packaged with other ingredients, packed in bags of 100 lb or more	24 27	×	S 5 913.0	531 460 621 627	
31121202	Head rice not packaged with other ingredients, packed in containers of 3 lb or less	N N	×	X	D 308 360	
3112120221	Head rice not packaged with other ingredients, packed in containers of 3 lb or less	13 12	×	D	D 308 360	
31121203	Head rice not packaged with other ingredients, packed in all other containers	N N	×	X	558 343 798 262	
3112120331	Head rice not packaged with other ingredients, packed in all other containers	23 22	×	P3 459.2 4 006.9	558 343 798 262	
31121204	Milled rice (including second heads, screenings, brewers, bran, sharps, rice flour, residues, and byproducts)	N	х	Х	279 114	
3112120441	Milled rice second heads	N 10 14	X X X	X P462.9 S	374 075 40 066 71 579	
3112120451	Milled rice screenings and brewers' rice	16 18	X	S	24 040 52 710	
3112120461	Milled rice bran mil lb 2002	19 18	X	S S S	24 819 43 808	
3112120471	Milled rice sharps and other residues and byproductsmil lb2002 1997	11 13	X	S S	15 845 14 849	
3112120481	All other milled rice, including rice flour	13 15	X	P1 746.1 S	174 344 191 129	
31121205 3112120511	Head rice packaged with other ingredients	N N 1	X X X	X X D	D N D	
3112120511 3112120Y	Head rice packaged with other ingredients	- N N	x X	X	N 76 017	
31121201 3112120YWW	1997	N	â	x	44 989	
	establishments	N N	X	X	9 673 S	
3112120YWY	Rice milling, nsk, for administrative-record establishments	N N	X	X	66 344 52 035	

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p-10 to 19 percent estimated; q-20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

Table 6b. Product Class Shipments for Selected States: 2002 and 1997

[Not applicable for this report.]

Table 7. Materials Consumed by Kind: 2002 and 1997

[Includes quantity and cost of materials consumed or put into production by establishments classified only in this industry. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Material code	Material consumed	Quantity	Delivered cost (\$1,000)
311212	Rice milling		
00900001	Total materials	×	1 098 939 1 663 821
11116000	Rice, rough	P10 591.0	795 575 1 431 176
32222401	Bags (uncoated paper and multiwall) 2002. 1997.	X	10 217 D
31491101	Textile bags (burlap, cotton, polypropylene, etc.)	X	16 042 44 336
001900A3	Bags (plastics, foil, and coated paper)	, X	10 937 3 230
001900A1	Packaging paper and plastics film, coated and laminated	x	5 318 D
32221001	Paperboard containers, boxes, and corrugated paperboard	×	13 992
00970099	All other materials and components, parts, containers, and supplies	, X	163 078 48 540
00971000	Materials, ingredients, containers, and supplies, nsk	x x	83 780 114 497

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p-10 to 19 percent estimated; q-20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.